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5	Facsimile: (702) 382-8135 Attorneys for Plaintiffs						
6	HINITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT					
7	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT					
8	DISTRICT OF NEVADA						
9	TRUSTEES OF THE CEMENT MASONS AND PLASTERERS HEALTH AND	No. 2:03-cv-1519-LDG (RJJ)					
10	WELFARE TRUST; TRUSTEES OF THE CEMENT MASONS AND PLASTERERS	MOTION FOR GARNISHEE					
11	JOINT PENSION TRUST; TRUSTEES OF THE CEMENT MASONS AND	JUDGMENT					
12	PLASTERERS VACATION SAVINGS PLAN TRUST; TRUSTEES OF THE						
13	CEMENT MASONS AND PLASTERERS						
14	JOINT APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING TRUST, TRUSTEES OF THE						
15	CARPENTERS FOR SOUTHERN NEVADA HEALTH AND WELFARE						
	TRUST; TRUSTEES OF THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY AND						
16	CARPENTERS JOINT PENSION TRUST						
17	FOR SOUTHERN NEVADA; TRUSTEES OF THE SOUTHERN NEVADA						
18	CARPENTERS AND MILLWRIGHTS APPRENTICESHIP AND JOURNEYMAN						
19	TRAINING TRUST; TRUSTEES OF THE						
20	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA-NEVADA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF CARPENTERS						
21	VACATION TRUST; TRUSTEES OF THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY AND						
	LABORERS HEALTH AND WELFARE TRUST; TRUSTEES OF THE						
22	CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY AND						
23	LABORERS JOINT PENSION TRUST; TRUSTEES OF THE CONSTRUCTION						
24	INDUSTRY AND LABORERS VACATION TRUST; AND TRUSTEES OF THE						
25	SOUTHERN NEVADA LABORERS LOCAL 872 TRAINING TRUST,						
26	·						
27	Plaintiff,						
28	VS.						
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ARCON OF NEVADA, a Nevada Corporation; MARK M. BALOGH, an individual; and SCOTT R. STEPHENS, an individual,

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 69 and Nevada Revised Statute 31.320 Plaintiffs the Cement Masons Joint Trust Funds collectively "Joint Trust Funds" apply for a garnishee judgment against garnishee defendant Bovis Lend Lease a/k/a Lehrer McGovern Bovis ("Bovis"). The long and short of this matter is that Bovis fails and refuses to honor the valid garnishment served by the Joint Trust Funds. Instead of honoring the garnishment, Bovis is engaging in gamesmanship with the judgment debtor in an attempt to avoid having to turn over money it owes to the judgment debtor, and now to the Joint Trust Funds by way of the valid garnishment.

In the alternative, an order to show cause should be issued against Bovis to answer why it fails and refuses to honor the garnishment.

This motion is supported by the points and authorities that follow and the exhibits attached hereto.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

FACTS I.

The Joint Trust Funds are not for profit employee benefit trust funds that provide medical benefits, pension benefits, and other employee benefits to those who work in the construction trades throughout Southern Nevada. Arcon of Nevada ("Arcon"), a dissolved Nevada corporation, was signatory to certain collective bargaining agreements that obligated Arcon to make employee benefit contribution payments to the Joint Trust Funds.

Unfortunately, Arcon fell behind on their benefit payments. Arcon, along with one of its officers Scott R. Stephens, entered into a settlement agreement with the Joint Trust Funds to repay

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the delinquent benefit contributions and attendant interest, attorneys' fees and liquidated damages as provided for under 29 U.S.C. §1132(g)(2). As part of the settlement agreement, Arcon executed a confessed and stipulated judgment. The judgment was for the entire amount of benefits and ancillary costs owed, which at the time of settlement was \$449,362.52.

Arcon defaulted on its settlement agreement. The judgment was entered on May 2, 2004, and recorded on January 26, 2005. See Ex. 1

In an attempt to collect on the judgment, the Joint Trust Funds served Bovis with a garnishment on August 19, 2005. See Ex 2. Bovis responded to the garnishments on September 6, 2005, indicating in essence that they would become indebted to Arcon once their litigation against the Venetian Hotel was concluded. See Ex. 3. Although it was not clear how much Bovis would owe Arcon, it is telling that Bovis attempted to get Arcon to accept a settlement of \$100,000 prior to the conclusion of the Bovis/Venetian litigation. See Affidavit of Scott Stephens at Ex. 4.

In June 2003, a judgment was entered against the Venetian in favor of Bovis for \$44.2 million. See Ex. 5. The Venetian appealed. However, sometime in December 2005, Bovis and the Venetian finally settled their dispute for an unknown amount.

Counsel for the Joint Trust Funds has attempted to contact counsel for Bovis in an attempt to determine when Bovis will be honoring the garnishment, and how much Bovis will remit to the Joint Trust Funds. Bovis' counsel fails and refuses to correspond with the Joint Trust Funds' counsel. See Ex. Affidavit of Michael A. Kristof at Ex. 6. Joint Trust Funds' counsel has warned Bovis that a garnishee judgment may be sought. Id. However, Bovis' counsel has refused to take any action with respect to the money owed to Arcon and the garnishments.

As of February 8, 2006, the total amount still owed on the Joint Trust Funds judgment is \$299,257.60. See Affidavit of Keith A. Farney at Ex. 7.

II. **ARGUMENT**

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Garnishee judgment should be entered against Bovis. A.

Under Fed. R. Civ. P. 69, the practices and procedure of collection on a judgment are those of state in which the Court sits. Id. In Nevada, service of the writ gives the Court jurisdiction to proceed against the garnishee. NRS. 31.280.

Nevada Revised Statute 31.320 allows for judgment to be entered against a garnishee who fails to timely answer a garnishment interrogatory served upon him. The judgment is entered "in favor of the defendant for the use of the plaintiff against the garnishee." Id. The judgment amount is the "value of the property or amount of money specified in the writ of garnishment." Id.

Here, Bovis did in fact provide "answers" to the garnishment interrogatories. problem is, however, that Bovis fails and refuses to take the next step in answering the garnishment and actually turning over the money that is owed. Instead, Bovis is choosing to sit back, try to negotiate with Arcon a payment amount, and leave the Joint Trust Funds in a state of limbo regarding if, when and how much will ever be paid under the garnishment. Thus, Bovis is in fact failing to answer the garnishment. This is inexcusable given that Bovis admits it owes Arcon \$99,163.00 under its own accounting. See Ex. 6. Bovis failure to remit this money leaves no other option than to have a garnishee judgment entered against Bovis, on behalf of Arcon, for use by the Joint Trust Funds in collecting on the judgment. See NRS 31.320.

В. In the alternative, an order to show cause should be entered and Bovis made to answer why it has not honored the garnishment.

At a minimum an order to show cause should be entered and Bovis made to appear before the Court and answer why it refuses to not only communicate with the judgment creditor garnishor Joint Trust Funds, but why it refuses to pay over any of the money owed under the

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garnishment. Again, Bovis admits it owes Arcon \$99,613. See Ex. 6. This money should have been immediately paid over once it became due. Instead, Bovis is holding the money hostage.

If Bovis is without justification for failing to honor the garnishment and paying the \$99,613 it admits it owes, Bovis should be sanctioned, in an amount to be determined by the Court, for each day, beginning after the date of the hearing to show cause, that it fails to honor the garnishment.

III. CONCLUSION

Bovis has been aware that the Joint Trust Funds would move for a garnishee judgment against it if some action wasn't taken with respect to the garnishment. Bovis should not be able to sit back and thumb its nose at the Joint Trust Funds and hold money that should be providing benefits to the hard working men and women of the state of Nevada. There is no excuse for Bovis not answering the garnishment, and a judgment should be entered against Bovis.

At the very least, Bovis should be made to come the Court and explain why it not only refuses to answer the garnishment, but why it also refuses to provide any information to the Joint Trust Funds' counsel as to how much money is owed and when it will be paid.

Dated: February 14, 2006.

SCHRECK BRIGNONE

/s/ Michael A. Kristof

Andrew S. Brignone, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 751 Michael A. Kristof, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 7780 Michael V. Infuso, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 7388 300 South Fourth Street, Suite 1200

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Schreck Brignone and
that on this day I deposited for mailing in the U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, a true copy of the
APPLICATION FOR GARNISHEE JUDGMENT enclosed in a sealed envelope upon which first
class postage was prepaid to:

Scott R. Stephens 2295 Feather Tree Avenue Henderson, Nevada 89052

Arcon of Nevada c/o Scott R. Stephens 2295 Feather Tree Avenue Henderson, Nevada 89052

Jennifer Wheatley Fletcher Griffin Cochrane & Marshall 127 Peachtree Street, 14th Floor Atlanta, Georgia 30303-1810

Dated: February 17, 2006.

/s/ Janice A. Casper
An Employee of Schreck Brignone